AAPHD Series
Application Example

AAPHD Amplifier Impedance Diagnostic Test Example

EXAMPLE USING AA50PHD

EXAMPLE 1
SAFE LOAD--
Tap settings OK for rated amp wattage

TAP SETTING: 4W + 4W + 8W + 8W + 8W + 8W = 40W = SAFE

EXAMPLE 2
LOAD FAULT--
Wrong Tap setting

TAP SETTING: 8W + 8W + 8W + 8W + 8W + 8 OHM = FAULT

EXAMPLE 3
LOAD FAULT--
Tap settings exceed rated amp wattage

TAP SETTING: 8W + 8W + 16W + 16W + 16W + 16W = 80W = FAULT

EXAMPLE 4
LOAD FAULT--
Conduit and Staple Short to ground

1601 Jack McKay Blvd. • Ennis, Texas 75119 U.S.A.
Telephone: 800.876.3333 • Fax: 800.765.3435

Specifications are subject to change without notice.
Overview:
The AAPHD Series features a patent pending Amplifier Diagnostic Test System. The “Push Hear Diagnostic” (PHD) test is simple to use and very effective in testing for speaker wire and load impedance faults in 70.7V systems. The PHD circuit can be activated using a small tool with a point to access the momentary switch through the hole on the front panel. This test circuit produces a test tone over the speakers analyzing multiple conditions to assure the amplifier is wired and loaded properly.

Application Example Description:
This example illustrates an AA50PHD amplifier connected to a 70.7V speaker system with various tap settings, or load conditions, and how the PHD fault indicator responds.

Example 1: Shows six Atlas FAP series 70V speakers wired in parallel. Two speakers have 4-watt tap settings and four speakers have 8-watt tap settings resulting in a total of 40-watts, a “safe” load to the amp. The total power taps selected on all speakers combined should not exceed the amplifier’s maximum power rating or a fault may occur.

Example 2: Shows the same speaker setup but with one speaker mistakenly tapped at 8 Ohms. This low impedance setting will cause a Fault condition for the system. When testing, this speaker with the wrong Tap setting will be very loud compared to the rest of the speakers.

Example 3: Shows the same speaker setup with speaker settings tapped so that the total power exceeds the power rating of the amplifier by a significant amount.

Example 4: Shows the same speaker setup with two “short” conditions that can occur during installation, a staple over the wire and a conduit short.

Benefits:
• Automated Impedance Diagnostic System Test
• Easily Test Speaker Loads After Installation without additional Test Equipment
• Avoid Most Common Amplifier Failures
• Reduce Service Calls
• Provide Confidence on Large Installs

PHD Front Panel LED Limit Indicator Functions:
1. Load Fault Indicator - When testing the system using the PHD feature for proper wiring and amplifier loading, this LED will illuminate Yellow if a fault is sensed in the audio speaker system.
2. Excessive Current Draw - Will illuminate Yellow when the amplifier is consuming excessive current. The most likely cause for the fault is an incorrect load impedance connected to the amplifier. The LED will not be constantly illuminated if a proper load is applied.

Note: An occasional LED flash is okay during standard operation. When the LED is illuminated audible distortion may be heard at the speakers.

Application Example Notes:
1. Make sure no people are present or near speakers during the diagnostic test without taking proper precautions against hearing damage. The SPL can be excessive depending on the tap settings and sensitivity of the speakers.
2. Turn the level control “Off” (fully counter clockwise) before pressing the PHD switch and initiating the test. If the test passes, adjust the level according to application required.
3. Enlisting the assistance of another person to walk the area being tested to listen to the speakers during the test can quickly identify an incorrect tap setting (one speaker is louder than others).